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16				
17	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
18	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA,			
19	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION			
19	SAN FRANCIS	SCO DIVISION		
20	GOOGLE LLC,	Case No. 3:20-cv-06754-WHA		
21	Plaintiff,	SONOS, INC.'S MOTION FOR LEAVE		
,	,	TO AMEND INFRINGEMENT		
22	v.	CONTENTIONS PURSUANT TO		
23	SONOS, INC.,	PATENT L.R. 3-6		
	BOTTOS, ITC.,	Date: March 24, 2022		
24	Defendant.	Time: 8:00 a.m.		
25		Place: Courtroom 12, 19 th Floor		
		Judge: Hon. William Alsup		
26		Complaint Filed: September 28, 2020		
27				
$_{28}$				

SONOS'S MOTION FOR LEAVE TO AMEND INFRINGEMENT CONTENTIONS 3:20-cv-06754-WHA

NOTICE OF MOTION

TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on March 24, 2022 at 8:00 a.m., or as soon thereafter as may be heard before the Honorable Judge William Alsup in Courtroom 12 on the 19th Floor of the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, San Francisco Courthouse, 450 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94102, Defendant Sonos, Inc. ("Sonos") will, and hereby does, move this Court for an order granting Sonos leave to amend its infringement contentions as to U.S. Patent No. 9,967,615 (the "'615 Patent") pursuant to Local Patent Rule 3-6 and the Court's Case Management Order (Dkt. 67, ¶17). This motion is based on this Notice of Motion, the accompanying Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the Declaration of Geoffrey Moss ("Moss Decl."), and exhibits thereto, all documents in the Court's file, and such other written or oral evidence and argument as may be presented at or before the time this motion is heard by the Court.

STATEMENT OF THE RELIEF REQUESTED

Pursuant to Patent Local Rule 3-6 and the Court's Case Management Order (Dkt. 67, ¶17), Sonos requests that this Court grant Sonos leave to amend its infringement contentions as to U.S. Patent No. 9,967,615 (the "'615 Patent").

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. STATEMENT OF RELEVANT FACTS

Sonos served its infringement contentions on October 21, 2021, including contentions for U.S. Patent Nos. 9,967,615 (the "'615 Patent") and 10,779,033 (the "'033 Patent"). Since then, the parties have conducted substantial discovery.

On January 10, 2022, pursuant to Patent Local Rule 4-2, the parties exchanged their proposed constructions for claim terms identified by the parties in their Patent Local Rule 4-1 exchange. In its Patent Local Rule 4-2 disclosure, Google set forth (for the first time in this case) its position on how the terms "resource locators" and "local playback queue on the particular playback device" found in the asserted claims of the '615 Patent ought to be construed.

Thereafter, Sonos diligently undertook an analysis to see how Google's proposed constructions, if adopted, would affect Sonos's infringement contentions for the '615 Patent.¹ A copy of Sonos's proposed Amended Infringement Contentions in redline is submitted concurrently as Exhibit 1 to the Moss Declaration.

II. SONOS HAS GOOD CAUSE

Patent Local Rule 3-6 specifies that infringement contentions may be amended for "good cause." Patent L.R. 3-6. The traditional two-part inquiry under Patent Local Rule 3-6 is first, whether a party has "proceed[ed] with diligence in amending [its] contentions when new information comes to light," *O2 Micro Int'l, Ltd. v. Monolithic Power Sys., Inc.*, 467 F.3d 1355, 1366 (Fed. Cir. 2006), and second, whether "a showing of undue prejudice may support denial of leave." *Life Techs. Corp. v. Biosearch Techs., Inc.*, No. 12-cv-00852-WHA, 2012 WL 1831595, at *1 (N.D. Cal. May 18, 2012). This Court, however, has broad discretion to grant leave to amend. *Tech. Licensing Corp. v. Blackmagic Design Pty Ltd.*, No. 13-cv-05184-SBA, 2014 WL 5499511, at *2 (N.D. Cal. Oct. 30, 2014).

Sonos has proceeded with diligence. Prior to receiving Google's Patent Local Rule 4-2 proposed constructions, Sonos had no way to know Google's position on "resource locators" or "local playback queue on the particular playback device." Although the parties engaged in claim construction proceedings in the Western District of Texas before this case was transferred to this Court, Google had not previously sought construction for either of these terms. Immediately after receiving Google's proposed constructions, Sonos developed alternative infringement positions in conjunction with extensive source code review. Specifically, after receiving Google's new constructions, Sonos sought to conduct additional review of Google's source code, and continued that review for eleven (11) days between then and now. Moss Decl. ¶ 4.

¹ On February 3, 2022, the day before the parties' Patent Local Rule 4-3 joint submission and exchange of expert reports, Google withdrew its proposed construction for the term "local playback queue on the particular playback device," proposed a new construction for the term "playback queue" applicable to both the '615 and '033 Patents, and identified new extrinsic evidence not previously identified in its Rule 4-2 disclosure. Sonos is currently analyzing how Google's newly proposed construction for "playback queue," if adopted, would affect Sonos's infringement contentions for both the '615 and '033 Patents, and expressly reserves its rights to promptly move to further amend its contentions if necessary.

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Sonos notified Google of its intent to amend its infringement contentions to take into account Google's new constructions, on February 4, 2022. Moss Decl. ¶6, Exhibit 2. Consistent with the Court's Case Management Order (Dkt. 67), that notice was given, and this motion is being filed, within 28 days of when Sonos was first made aware of Google's claim construction positions. The only amendments proposed in Exhibit 1 are made to present "back-up" infringement theories for (i) the "resource locators" term of the '615 Patent Sonos may advance in the event that the Court adopts Google's proposed construction for "resource locator" and (ii) the "local playback queue on the particular playback device" term of the '615 Patent Sonos may advance in the event that the Court rejects Google's new construction for "playback queue" for both the '615 and '033 Patents but adopts Google's originally proposed construction for the "local playback queue on the particular playback device" term of the '615 Patent. See Case Mgmt. Order, Dkt. 67, ¶ 17; see also, Fluidigm Corp. v. IONpath, Inc., No. 19-cv-05639-WHA, 2020 WL 5073938, at *3 (N.D. Cal. Aug. 25, 2020). Thus, Sonos was diligent in seeking to add its "back-up" theories to its infringement contentions.

Google would suffer no prejudice from the proposed amendment. Google would not be prejudiced if the Court grants the present motion. Google has been aware of the Court's Case Management Order that permits each party to move promptly to disclose any "back-up" contentions it may wish to make in the event the other side's claim construction is thereafter adopted, and Sonos timely disclosed its "back-up" contentions in accordance with the Case Management Order. The parties' opening briefs for the patent showdown is also more than two months away, which will provide Google sufficient time to respond to Sonos's "back-up" contentions if necessary. Thus, the Court should grant Sonos's motion. *See Fluidigm Corp.*, 2020 WL 5073938, at *5 (permitting a non-diligent patent owner to amend its infringement contentions to include new theories because the parties' opening briefs for the patent showdown was a little more than two months away).

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1	III.	CONCLUSION
2		For at least the foregoing reasons, Sonos respectfully requests the Court to grant Sonos
3	leave to amend its infringement contentions as to U.S. Patent No. 9,967,615.	
4	Dated	: February 7, 2022
5		
6		By: <u>/s/ Cole B. Richter</u> CLEMENT SETH ROBERTS
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8		ORRICK, HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE LLP
9		GEORGE I. LEE
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14		Attorneys for Defendant Sonos, Inc.
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